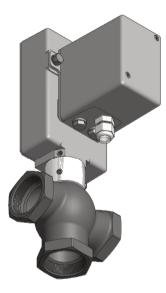


Installation and Operating Manual (Translation of the German Original)





VK

Actuators Series NK and VK Position Controller ESR-NK (Option)

Keep for future reference!

Revision: 2019-01-01

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Important information!

All dimensions in this manual are specified in metric units. The values in millimeter can easily be converted into inches by multiplying the values with the factor 1/25.4.

→ Note:

An index is provided on page 89 to help you navigate to specific subjects.

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1 Introduction

This operating manual applies to series NK and VK and in addition to the electronic position controller ESR-NK, which is available as an option to the series NK and VK. The manual provides all the information required for a safe and secure installation and trouble-free operation of the actuator.

This operating manual must be read, understood and applied by all persons responsible for installing, operating, servicing, checking, troubleshooting, dismantling or disposing of the actuator. This shall apply in particular to the safety instructions provided.

After studying the operating manual, you will be able to

- install the actuator in a safe and secure manner,
- operate the actuator in a safe and secure manner,
- service the actuator according to instructions,
- take the appropriate action in case of a malfunction.

Any general, legal or otherwise binding regulations for the prevention of accidents and for the protection of the environment in force in the country of use should be taken into account in addition to the operating manual.

This operating manual is an integral part of the actuator. It should be stored in an easily accessible place close to the actuator during the entire service life of the device.

The following documentation in its current version should also be taken into account:

- the product catalog, and
- the General Terms and Conditions of Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH
- any additional operating/installation instructions for optional accessories where applicable.

1.1 Notes and signs used in this document

Special attention should be paid to text statements in this operating manual serving as notes or direct warning of danger. Such statements are identified as shown below:



A DANGER

Warning of dangerous electrical voltage!

This warning note indicates risks caused by electricity.

Work on electrical equipment may only be carried out by qualified and authorized electricians.



This warning note identifies an immediate hazard with a high risk, which will lead to death or (serious) personal injury if it is not avoided.

A WARNING

This warning note identifies a possible hazard with a medium risk, which may lead to death or (serious) personal injury if it is not avoided.

A CAUTION

This warning note identifies a hazard with a low risk, which may lead to minor or slight personal injury if it is not avoided.

NOTE

This warning note identifies a hazard with a low risk, which may lead to material damage if it is not avoided.



Important information!

This sign draws attention to a function or setting of the actuator and instructs to exercise caution while working.



Instructions next to this sign must be completed before commencing other activities.

The following means of representation are used in addition:

- Texts following this mark are list items.
- Text next to this mark describes activities to be carried out in the prescribed order.
- "" Text in quotes refers to other chapters, sections or documents.

1.2 Symbols used in this manual

Special dangers are identified by the following symbols in this operating manual:



Danger to life due to electric current

These symbols warn of danger to life due to electrical current. Direct contact with live parts poses an immediate threat to life.



1.3 Warranty and liability

The obligations laid down in the supply contract, the General Terms and Conditions, the delivery terms of Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH and the legal regulations in force at the time of the signing of the contract shall apply.

All information and instructions in this operating manual were composed in due consideration of the standards and regulations in force, state-of-the-art technology as well as long-term knowledge and experience.

Each actuator will be subjected to tests before it leaves the factory. However, the actuator should be subjected to final functional testing by qualified technical staff after installation.

Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH shall not accept any liability for production faults and resulting damages or consequential damages after the actuator has been tested and installed at the provided location and declared functional by the customer.

Warranty and liability claims shall be precluded in case of personal injury and property damage if they can be attributed to one or more of the following causes:

- improper use of the actuator or use other than intended,
- improper installation, start-up, operation, maintenance and cleaning of the actuator.
- insufficient testing of the installed actuator within the complete system.
- continued operation of the actuator even though malfunctions were detected during the initial or subsequent tests,
- failure to observe the operating manual and the notes in the operating manual referring to installation, start-up, operation and maintenance of the actuator,
- employment of unskilled personnel,
- disaster situations, influence of foreign objects and force majeure,
- improperly performed repairs,
- use of inadmissible spare parts and/or use of spare parts not in compliance with the technical requirements as defined,
- physical alterations, i.e. conversions, add-ons or other modifications of the actuator,
- technical modifications, i.e. changes to the actuator that lead to functional changes or changes in the application or performance characteristics.

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Important information regarding the EC conformity of the actuator

The declaration of conformity and or declaration of incorporation issued by Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH shall become void if the customer performs structural or technical modifications to the actuator. In this case, the owner/lessor of the system himself shall be obliged to prove compliance with the relevant EC directives and issue an appropriate declaration of conformity.

Exceptions:

- use of an original retrofit kit (e.g. auxiliary switch)
- prior written approval of the modification to the actuator provided by Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH

We reserve the right to make technical changes as a result of improvements to the performance characteristics and further developments without prior written notice.

2 Safety

A WARNING

Failure to observe the safety instructions below may have serious consequences:

- Danger to persons from electrical or mechanical influences
- Failure of essential functions

Carefully read the safety instructions and hazard warnings in this section before commissioning the actuator.

Observe the general safety instructions and regulations for the prevention of accidents in addition to the instructions in this operating manual.

The owner/lessor and the user must observe the existing national work, operating and safety instructions in addition to the instructions in this operating manual. Any existing internal factory specifications must also be followed.

2.1 General safety instructions

- The actuators are designed exclusively for industrial use.
- Be sure to always read this operating manual before installing, operating, servicing, checking, troubleshooting, dismantling or disposing the actuator.
- Always observe all applicable safety instructions and regulations for the prevention of accidents such as the guidelines of professional associations for occupational safety and health when installing, operating, servicing, checking, troubleshooting, dismantling or disposing the device.
- Always disconnect any machinery and installations that may be affected before starting to work on the actuator.

2.2 Intended use 2 Safety

2.2 Intended use

The operating safety of the actuator cannot be guaranteed unless it is used as intended.

The actuator has been designed for the automation of industrial valves (e.g. ball valves, dampers, other valves). Other applications shall only be permitted if approved by Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH.

The intended use also includes

- adherence to all instructions provided in the operating manual,
- adherence to the inspection and maintenance intervals,
- the use of resources and process materials in compliance with the safety instructions in force.
- adherence to the operating and maintenance requirements.

The technical data mentioned in the section "3.4 Technical data" must be adhered to without exception.

Any use of the actuator other than the intended use described in this document shall not be permitted and will be regarded as misuse.

Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH shall not accept liability for any damage resulting from such misuse. The owner/lessor shall bear the sole risk for possible damage due to improper use.

Foreseeable misuse

- **★** It is not permitted to use the actuator in hazardous areas!
- ★ It is forbidden to use the actuator as an ascending aid!

2.3 Residual risks

The actuator has been built according to the state of the art and recognized safety regulations. Nevertheless, use of the device may still entail danger to users' or third parties' life and limb and/or result in impairments of the actuator itself or other material assets.

Only use the actuator

- for its intended use (see section "2.2 Intended use") and
- in perfect technical condition in accordance with the safety regulations.

Malfunctions which may compromise safety must immediately be eliminated.

2 Safety 2.3 Residual risks

2.3.1 Hazards from electrical energy

A DANGER

Warning of dangerous electrical voltage!

Direct contact with live parts or with parts that became energized due to faults poses an immediate threat to life. Damage to the insulation or to individual components may be life-threatening. In case of short circuits/overloads there is the risk of being hit by molten parts being ejected.

- Always ensure that the electrical supply units remain locked. Only authorized persons with a key or special tool are permitted to access the units.
- Work on the electrical actuator equipment may only be carried out by a qualified electrician.
- Always operate the actuator with the hood in place.
- When working on live components or lines, a second person must always be present to interrupt the power supply in case of an emergency.
- Regularly inspect the electrical equipment of the actuator for defects such as loose connections or damaged insulation.
- Immediately disconnect the power supply in case of defects, and have the device repaired.
 Always switch off the power supply to the electrical actuator equipment
- and verify its voltage-free condition before carrying out any work on it.
- Switch the power supply off before carrying out service and repair work, and protect it from being switched on again.
- Do not bypass any fuses and do not put fuses out of operation.
- Ensure the correct tripping current when replacing fuses.
- Protect live parts from humidity as it may cause short circuits. Never clean electrical equipment with water or similar liquids.
- Have electrical machinery and stationary electrical equipment checked by a qualified electrician at least every 4 years (also refer to the section "8.2.1 Maintenance intervals").
- Modifications made after the inspection must comply with the applicable standard.





2.3 Residual risks 2 Safety

2.3.2 Danger from moving parts

A WARNING

Moving components on the actuator and the valves connected to it pose a risk of injury!

When the actuator is operated, the valves connected to it will also move.

When couplings are used between the actuator (series NK) and the valve, there is a risk of injury due to moving parts.

The dangers include crushing, shearing off or drawing in of the upper limbs

- The installation or start-up of a damaged actuator is not permitted.
- Attach covers over the exposed moving actuator parts and the valve once the actuator is installed before putting the actuator into service.
 Observe DIN EN ISO 13857 ("Safety of machinery – Safety distances to prevent hazard zones being reached by upper and lower limbs") when designing the protective covers.
- The heat dissipation of the actuator must be ensured when additional protective covers are installed. Non-observance may cause damage to the actuator (e.g. due to overheating of the motor windings).
- Verify the proper function of all protective equipment on your machine/plant.
- Verify the correct operation of the actuator and of the valves moved by the actuator after the assembly and the actuator setup are completed.
- Always operate the actuator with the hood in place.

2 Safety 2.3 Residual risks

2.3.3 Protection classes of the actuator and the stroke unit



The actuator may not be put into service unless

- the hood is properly installed, and
- the screwed cable glands are plugged and have been checked for tightness.

NOTE

- To be able to ensure that protection class IP65 (actuator) or IP54 (stroke unit) is permanently complied with, the actuator must be protected against mechanical influences, e.g. by attaching safeguards or installing the actuator in a protected location.
- Outdoor installation of the actuator is only permitted if approved by Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH.
- Protect the actuator against environmental influences such as UV radiation, humidity, formation of condensation, fluctuations of temperature, and frost.
- The heat dissipation of the actuator must be ensured when additional protective covers are installed. Non-observance may cause damage to the actuator (e.g. due to overheating of the motor windings).

The following items **must always** be observed for all actuators:

Screwed cable glands

- The actuator has screwed cable glands size M20 x 1.5 and/or M16 x 1.5 and filler plugs (where required) to allow connection lines to be inserted.
- Always cover the cable glands properly before storing, installing and starting up the actuator.
- Only use connection lines with an outer diameter suitable for the cable glands.
- When cable glands/filler plugs are to be replaced or retrofitted, the replacement parts must be certified for the actuator's protection class.

Installing the hood

See section "5.8 Installing the hood".

Housing/hood

- Swapping hoods of different actuators is not permitted.
- Do not drill any holes into the actuator housing or the hood.

2.4 Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment must be worn when starting up and operating the actuator to minimize exposure to a variety of hazards.

- When working, always wear protective equipment that is required for the kind of work being carried out.
- Observe the instructions regarding protective equipment displayed in the work area.

The symbols have the following meaning:



Industrial protective clothing

Industrial protective clothing is tightly fitting clothing with low tear strength, tightly fitting sleeves and no protruding parts. Its main function is to protect against being caught by moving components.

Do not wear rings, necklaces or other jewelry.



Safety shoes

Wear anti-skid safety shoes to protect yourself from heavy, falling parts or slipping on slick surfaces.



Protective gloves

Wear protective gloves to protect your hands against contacting hot surfaces or chemical substances.

2.5 Notes for emergencies

Preventive measures

- Always be prepared for accidents or fires.
- Keep the first aid equipment (first aid kit, blankets, etc.) and fire extinguishing substances close at hand.
- Have the personnel instructed in the proper use of accident reporting, first aid, fire extinguishing and rescue equipment.
- Keep the access paths clear for emergency vehicles.

Measures in case of accidents

- Set off an emergency stop.
- Remove all persons from the danger zone.
- Immediately take first aid actions in case of a cardiac or respiratory arrest.
- Immediately inform the first aid officer and an emergency doctor or the emergency medical service in case of personal injury.
- Clear the access paths for emergency vehicles. Assign a person to instruct the rescue forces if required.
- Extinguish burning oil or grease with a CO₂ fire extinguisher or a dry powder extinguisher.
- Extinguish a fire within the electrical control using a CO₂ fire extinguisher.

2.6 Obligations of the owner/lessor

The actuator is designed for industrial use. The owner/lessor of the actuator is therefore legally obligated to maintain safety at work.

In addition to the safety instructions provided in this operating manual, the safety instructions, instructions for the prevention of accidents and the environmental legislation in effect at the area of use of the actuator must be complied with. The following shall apply in particular:

- The owner/lessor must ensure that the actuator is operated according to its intended use (see section "2.2 Intended use").
- The owner/lessor must ensure that the actuator's operating manual is always available in complete and readable form in the area of use of the actuator.
- The owner/lessor must keep himself informed about the locally applicable industrial safety regulations and carry out a hazard assessment to investigate additional risks resulting from the specific work conditions in the area of use of the actuator. The hazard assessment must then be implemented in the form of operating instructions for the operation of the actuator.
- During the entire service life of the actuator, the owner/lessor must verify that the operating instructions created by him comply with the current level of the technical standards and adjust the instructions where required.
- The owner/lessor must clearly define and control the responsibilities for installing, starting up, operating and servicing the actuator.
- The owner/lessor must ensure that the maintenance intervals described in this operating manual are adhered to.
- The owner/lessor may allow only sufficiently qualified and authorized personnel to work on the actuator.
- The owner/lessor must ensure that all employees handling the actuator have thoroughly read and understood the operating manual.
 In addition, he must at regular intervals verifiably train and inform the personnel about any risks involved.
- The owner/lessor must provide personal protective equipment to his employees and make sure that they use the equipment.
- The owner/lessor must ensure that employees under influence of drugs, alcohol, medication or similar substances are not allowed to work on the actuator.

2.7 Requirements imposed on the personnel

The actuator may be operated and serviced only by personnel that have been trained, instructed and authorized for this purpose. Such persons must know the operating manual and act according to it. The employees' responsibilities must be clearly defined.

2.7.1 Responsibilities

The following qualifications are designated for different areas of activity:

Person to be trained

A person in training such as a trainee or a temporary worker does not know all the dangers that may occur during operation of the actuator. Therefore, they may only carry out work on the actuator under the supervision of professional staff.

Instructed person

Such persons have been trained by the owner/lessor in the tasks assigned to them and informed about potential risks resulting from improper behavior.

Professional staff

Due to their technical training, knowledge and experience and their understanding of the applicable regulations, professional staff are able to carry out the work assigned to them and identify and avoid potential dangers on their own.

Qualified electricians

Due to their technical training, knowledge and experience and their understanding of the applicable regulations, qualified electricians are able to carry out the work assigned to them on electrical equipment and identify and avoid potential dangers on their own.

Qualified electricians are trained for their specific job site and know the applicable standards and regulations.

2.7.2 Qualifications required of the personnel

A WARNING

Danger of injury in case of insufficient qualification!

Improper handling can result in serious personal injury.

Therefore, ensure that all tasks are carried out only by appropriately qualified personnel.

Only persons who are expected to be capable of reliably carrying out their work shall be approved as personnel. Persons whose ability to react is impaired by drugs, alcohol, medication or similar substances shall not be allowed to work on the actuator.

Operational staff in training may initially only work on the actuator under the supervision of professional staff. Their successful completion of training must be confirmed in writing.

Special qualifications are additionally necessary for the following activities:

- Installation: may only be carried out by a qualified technician.
- Start-up: may only be carried out by an authorized electrician.
- Maintenance: may only be carried out by a qualified technician.
- De-commissioning, disposal:
 may only be carried out by a qualified technician.

2.7.3 Obligations of the personnel

All persons working on the actuator must

- adhere to the basic regulations regarding safety at work and the prevention of accidents,
- read the safety instructions and warnings in this operating manual before commencing work, and
- confirm with their signature that they fully understand all the instructions.

3 Product description

3.1 Product series

The actuator is available in two product series:

NK: Rotary and part-turn actuator

VK: Linear actuator

3.2 Overview

3.2.1 Series NK (rotary/part-turn actuator)

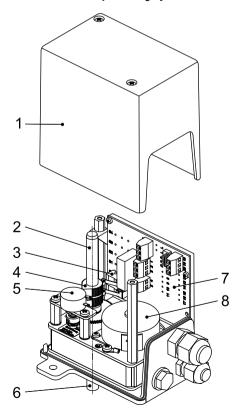


Fig. 3.1: Basic structure series NK

- 1 Hood
- 2 Control shaft
- 3 Switches
- 4 Control cams
- 5 Potentiometer
- 6 Output shaft
- 7 PCB
- 8 Motor

3.2.2 Series VK (linear actuator)

For internal actuator equipment see:

Fig. 3.1 "Basic structure series NK"

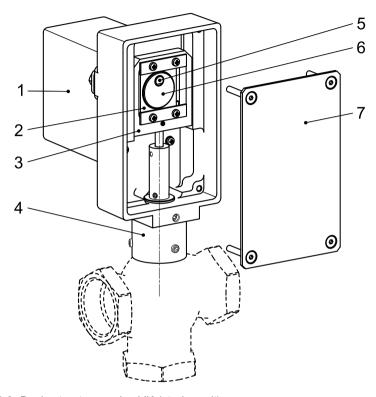


Fig. 3.2: Basic structure series VK (stroke unit)

- 1 Hood
- 2 Sliding block
- 3 Slider
- 4 Valve adapter

- 5 Output shaft
- 6 Eccentric disk
- 7 Cover

3.3 Functional description

The actuator has been designed to operate industrial valves (e.g. dampers, ball valves, other valves) within the positioning range determined by the mechanical characteristics of the valve. Depending on the design of the actuator, it is possible to move only to the valve end positions or to any position between the end positions.

The actuator series NK can be installed in any orientation.

The actuator series VK may be installed only in one of the permitted installation positions (see Fig. 5.3 "Series VK – installation positions").

The actuator is installed either using a bracket or an adapter but can also be attached directly to the valve if required. If a bracket is used, the actuator is mounted to the valve by means of a coupling.

Different brackets are available for various requirements.

In case of a power failure the actuator can be operated manually by a handwheel (option).

3.4 Technical data

3.4.1 Dimensions

For details on the dimensions of the relevant series, see section "5.2 Installation".

3.4.2 Weight

Depending on the customer-specific actuator model, however max.:

NK 3.5kg **VK** 6.0kg

3.4.3 Housing

Protection class acc. to DIN EN 60529

- IP65 (actuator)
- IP54 (stroke unit)

3.4.4 Actuator motor

Alternating current

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Important information!

Frequency fluctuations affect the positioning time of the device.

Synchronous motor with permanent-magnet rotor

230 V AC ±10%, 50/60Hz ±5% 115 V AC ±10%, 50/60Hz ±5% 24 V AC ±10%. 50/60Hz ±5%

Duty cycle: see nameplate of the actuator

NOTE

- The specified voltage range of ±10% must always be maintained!
- An overload of the actuator and strong voltage fluctuations may result in a reversal of the rotational direction of the motor. This could damage the actuator and/or the valve.

Direct current



Important information!

- When stopped, the DC motor does not have any holding torque!
- The DC motor is not suitable for short operating times!
- Frequent or short-term switch-over from clockwise to counterclockwise rotation and vice versa will result in demagnetization of the permanent magnets.
- Voltage fluctuations affect the positioning time of the device.

Commutator motor with permanent-magnet stator

24V DC ±10%

Duty cycle: see nameplate of the actuator

3.4.5 Functional data

Torques, positioning forces and positioning ranges

NK Torque: 2 to 15Nm

Positioning times: 0.8s/90° to 120s/90°

Swivel range: max. 300°

VK Positioning force: up to 1,000N

Stroke: max. 20mm

(Positioning times on request)

Important information!

The torques and positioning forces specified above are nominal values. They are reached when the supply voltage corresponds to the rated voltage.

- In some cases, the actual torque may be higher than the rated torque!
- In some cases, the actual positioning force may be higher than the rated positioning force!

Gearbox

Maintenance-free steel spur gearing

Installation position

NK Any orientation

VK Prescribed installation positions

(see Fig. 5.3 "Series VK – installation positions")

Switches

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- Switch function: changeover switch (NC/NO contact)
- Switching capacity: max. 2.5A, 250V AC

Switches with gold-plated contacts are available for small switching loads and low voltages.

Important information!

Limit switches and auxiliary switches are **not** suitable as signal encoders for safety-related controls!

Ambient temperature

-15°C to +60°C (standard)

Up to -40°C with anti-condensate heater (option, consultation required)

Up to +80°C with limited duty cycle (option, consultation required)

Actuators with electronic mounting parts:

0°C to +60°C (standard)

Up to −15°C with anti-condensate heater (option, consultation required)

Environmental conditions

See section "2.3.3 Protection classes of the actuator and the stroke unit"

Installation height

- ≤ 2000m above sea level (standard)
- > 2000m above sea level (option, consultation required)

3.4.6 Airborne noise emission

The airborne noise emission level induced by the actuator is < 70dB(A).

3.5 Nameplate

The nameplate provides all the important technical details for the actuator.



Every actuator is clearly identified by its serial number. The serial number can be found on the nameplate attached to the hood and on the nameplate inside the actuator.

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Important information!

Please *always* quote the serial number indicated on the *nameplate inside the actuator* with your support enquiries to ensure that our Service department can provide optimum support to you.

Do **not** use the serial number indicated on the nameplate attached to the outside of the hood.

The hoods of the actuators may not be swapped!

4 Transportation and storage

The actuator is shipped to the customer by a shipping agent authorized by the manufacturer.

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Important information!

The transport locking device inside the stroke unit must be removed before putting the device into operation.

4.1 Acceptance inspection by the receiver

The actuator is shipped to the customer in a cardboard box.

If required, wire-mesh boxes are used for the transport (e.g. for delivering large quantities).

The customer must inspect the actuator for visual transport damage when receiving the product.

Immediately notify the shipping agent and the manufacturer about any transport damage detected.

4.2 Packaging, insulation

Packaging used for transporting and protecting the actuator is made of the following materials, which are suitable for re-use (recycling):

- Cardboard
- Styrofoam
- Polyethylene foil

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Important information!

Always recycle packaging and insulation material in an environmentally friendly manner!

4.3 Transport instructions

NOTE

Risk of damaging the actuator!

Improper handling may cause the control shaft of the actuator to be bent.

The control cams installed on the control shaft actuate the limit switches and the auxiliary switches. Therefore, any modification to the distance between the shaft and the switches will cause the switching points to be shifted.

For this reason:

- Always use the original packaging to transport the actuator.
- Always transport the actuator with the hood in place.
- Protect the actuator against strong vibrations such as may occur when the actuator is dropped.

4.4 Interim storage

The actuator must be stored carefully if it is not set up directly after delivery or temporarily not used.

- Always store the actuator in a well ventilated place in a dry room.
- Protect the actuator from humidity, dust and dirt.
- The formation of condensation and ice on the actuator must be prevented.

When storing the device for more than 4 months:

- Apply a long-term anti-corrosive agent on all bare parts of the actuator before storing it.
- Place a sufficiently dimensioned humidity absorber inside the actuator.

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Important information!

We will not accept any liability for damages caused by improper storage!

5 Assembly

A WARNING

Moving components on the actuator and the valves connected to it pose a risk of injury!

When the actuator is operated, the valves connected to it will also move.

When couplings are used between the actuator (series NK) and the valve, there is a risk of injury due to moving parts.

The dangers include crushing, shearing off or drawing in of the upper limbs.

- The assembly or operation of a damaged actuator is not permitted.
- Attach covers over the exposed moving actuator parts and the valve once the actuator is installed before putting the actuator into service.
 Observe DIN EN ISO 13857 ("Safety of machinery – Safety distances to prevent hazard zones being reached by upper and lower limbs") when designing the protective covers.
- The heat dissipation of the actuator must be ensured when additional protective covers are installed. Non-observance may cause damage to the actuator (e.g. due to overheating of the motor windings).
- Verify the proper function of all protective equipment on your machine/plant.
- Verify the correct operation of the actuator and of the valves moved by the actuator after the assembly and the actuator setup are completed.
- Always operate the actuator with the hood in place.
- In order to reliably prevent an unexpected start-up of the actuator, the actuator's power supply may not be connected during the installation process.

5.1 General notes 5 Assembly

5.1 General notes

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Important information!

In order to ensure safe operation of the actuator, the device should have a rated torque that is 15-20% higher than the torque required for adjusting the valve (for rated torques see section "3.4.5 Functional data").

- Inspect the actuator for possible damage (e.g. transport damage) before installing it.
- If an anti-corrosive agent was applied for storing the actuator, it must be removed and replaced by grease before the device is installed.
- Protect the actuator against strong vibrations such as may occur when the actuator is dropped.
- It is forbidden to attach hooks, ropes or the like directly to the actuator.
- The actuator may not be lifted by the handwheel.
- Adhere to the installation instructions of the valve manufacturer.
- The valve must be able to move freely during the installation.
- Where possible, avoid installing the actuator on an operating valve.
- If it is necessary to install the actuator in an operating system, all precautions must be taken to ensure that the system is in a safe condition (see operating instructions of the system and regulations provided by the system owner/lessor).
- If the actuator is attached to a freely accessible valve, the crushing and pinching hazards from rotating valve parts must be observed.
- If the actuator is to be attached to a valve not yet installed into a system, make sure that the valve is secured so that its stability is maintained during the installation of the actuator.
- Check the cable glands and filler plugs (if fitted) for tightness before putting the actuator into service.
- Do not put the actuator into service unless the limit switches have been set.
- Protect the actuator sufficiently against climatic influences e.g. by fitting a protective cover.
- Spark-quenching capacitors within the customer's power supply may influence the rotational stability of the actuator and cause damages to it.

5 Assembly 5.1 General notes

Only use original accessories from Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH for the actuator

NOTE

Risk of damaging the actuator!

Improper handling may cause the control shaft of the actuator to be bent.

The control cams installed on the control shaft actuate the limit switches and the auxiliary switches. Therefore, any modification to the distance between the shaft and the switches will cause the switching points to be shifted

For this reason:

- Do not use the control shaft to lift the actuator.
- Do not apply lateral forces or impact-like forces on the control shaft.
- Do not use the control shaft to rotate the actuator.

Please note the following when installing couplings (not included in scope of delivery):

- Do not use force to rotate the output shaft.
- The output shaft of the actuator and the valve shaft must run centrically! If this is not the case, a suitable coupling may be used to compensate any unbalance.

5.2 Installation 5 Assembly

5.2 Installation

The actuator is installed either using a bracket or an adapter but can also be attached directly to the valve if required.

A bracket is required in the following cases:

- Valves for media with very high or very low temperatures
- Bypassing thick tube insulations

If a bracket is used, the actuator is mounted to the valve by means of a coupling. Various brackets and couplings (not included in the actuator scope of delivery) are available to match different requirements.

Always observe the installation instructions of the respective supplier when installing valves and brackets.

5.2.1 Series NK

Agromatic rotary and part-turn actuators are designed for driving industrial valves (dampers, plug valves, etc.).

The actuator is attached directly to the valve using two screws M6, or indirectly using a bracket. Also observe Fig. 5.1 in this context.

- Always ensure that the shafts of the valve and of the actuator are flush when installing the actuator. If there is a radial or angled offset of the shafts, a compensating coupling (not included in the scope of delivery) must be installed.
- Check the smooth running of the valve and the actuator after the valve shaft has been connected to the output shaft of the actuator.

5 Assembly 5.2 Installation

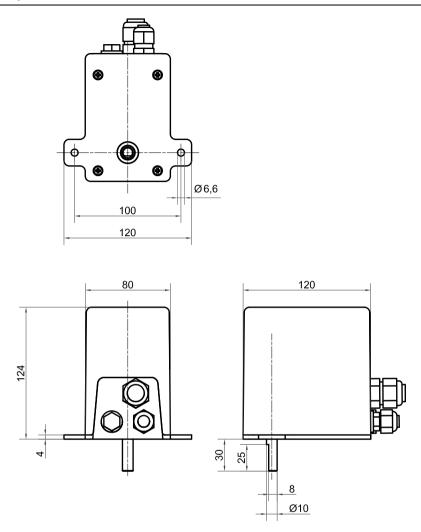


Fig. 5.1: Series NK – assembly dimensions

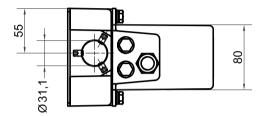
5.2 Installation 5 Assembly

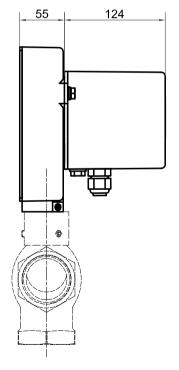
5.2.2 Series VK

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Important information!

The shipping restraint inside the stroke unit must be removed before putting the actuator into operation.





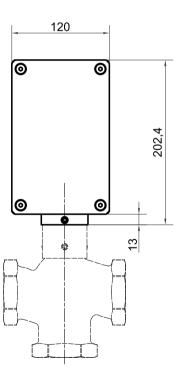


Fig. 5.2: Series VK – assembly dimensions

5 Assembly 5.2 Installation

NOTE

Risk of damaging the actuator!

The actuator series VK may be installed only in one of the permitted installation positions!

Always observe Fig. 5.3!

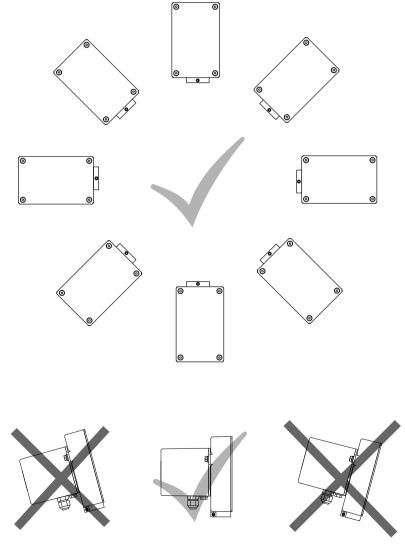


Fig. 5.3: Series VK – installation positions

5.2 Installation 5 Assembly

NOTE

Risk of damaging the actuator!

The eccentric disk of the actuator series VK may only be moved within the permissible range of 0° ... 180°!

Always observe Fig. 5.4!

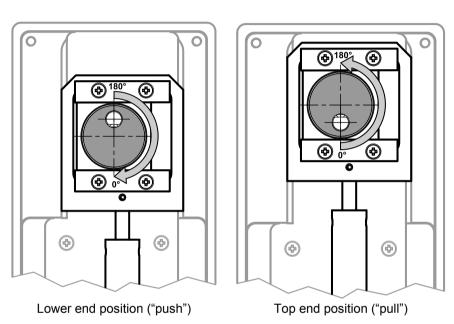


Fig. 5.4: Series VK – permitted end positions of the eccentric disk

Assembly

- 1. Secure valve adapter F with three grub screws GF on valve V.
- 2. Set valve spindle S to the bottom position by hand.
- 3. Place linear actuator A on valve adapter F, pushing drive pin M onto valve spindle S.
- 4. Secure valve adapter F within the linear actuator A using three grub screws GA.
- 5. Electrically move linear actuator A to the lower end position until both grub screws GM can be fitted.

5 Assembly 5.2 Installation

Cam adjustment, controller programming

Adjust control cam NL (see section "5.4 Setting the position switches").
 If a position controller is installed, also:
 Program the left end position of the controller ESR-NK (see section "6.2.7 Programming").

- Electrically move the linear actuator until the top position of the valve is reached.
- Adjust control cam NR (see section "5.4 Setting the position switches").
 If a position controller is installed, also:
 Program the right end position of the controller ESR-NK (see section "6.2.7 Programming").

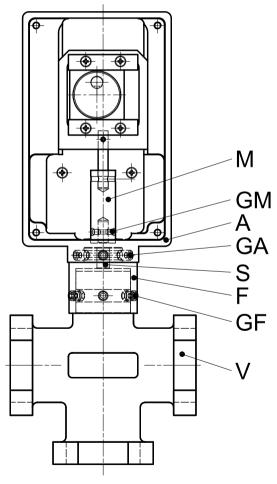


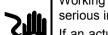
Fig. 5.5: Series VK – installation and adjustment

5.3 Electrical connection 5 Assembly

5.3 Electrical connection

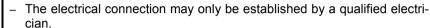
A DANGER

Warning of dangerous electrical voltage!



Working on live electrical devices poses a considerable risk of deadly or serious injuries!

If an actuator is open or operational, there is a risk of coming into contact with live parts (e.g. with a tool or another thin object).



- Adhere to the regulations of the VDE (German Association for Electrical, Electronic and Information Technologies) and to the regulations issued by the local utility company.
- Make sure that no bare wires protrude from the terminals to eliminate the risk of electric shock or short circuits

Important information!

Limit switches and auxiliary switches are *not* suitable as signal encoders for safety-related controls!

Important information!

For installation within a building, a switch must be provided as a separator according to DIN EN 61010-1 in order to disconnect the actuator before carrying out maintenance or troubleshooting work.

- The separator must be placed so that it is easily accessible to the user
- The switch must be clearly identified as a separator.
- The separator must not interrupt the ground conductor!
- We strongly recommend installing a lockable switch.



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Before

- switching the actuator **on** or **off**,
- changing any settings (e.g. rotational direction or swivel range) at the actuator,

check whether these actions could cause any dangerous movements within the machine/system or malfunctions of other assemblies!

- Check whether the type of current, mains voltage and mains frequency match the motor specifications. Refer to the nameplates on the hood and within the actuator.
- The power cord must be sized to suit the maximum power consumption of the actuator.
- Equip the actuator with an electric fuse protection suitable for the power cord used.
- Attach connection lines that match the screwed cable glands.
- Observe the minimum cable bend radius prescribed by the manufacturer.
- Always observe the schematic diagram attached inside the hood.
- Use separate shielded wires for low voltages (e.g. potentiometer).
- The control line for the actuator must not be routed in parallel with cables supplying the large loads. High amperages may generate electromagnetic fields which induce voltages into the control lines, thus causing actuator malfunctions.
- All internal electrical components (e.g. switches, potentiometers, relays, etc.) are factory-wired and routed to terminal strips where required.
- Follow the instructions in section "5.3.1 Determining the direction of rotation (series NK)" for connecting the actuator.
- Adjust the position limit switches (see section "5.4 Setting the position switches") before putting the actuator into operation.
- Protection class IP65 or IP66 (option) is guaranteed only if screwed cable glands are used which are approved for this protection class (see section "2.3.3 Protection classes of the actuator and the stroke unit").
- Use a ring cable lug to connect the ground conductor to the screw provided for this purpose and identified by the following symbol:



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Important information!

If several actuators are controlled by a common switching contact, every actuator must be equipped with an internal relay for parallel operation (see section "5.3.6 AC schematic diagram for parallel operation").

5.3 Electrical connection 5 Assembly

5.3.1 Determining the direction of rotation (series NK)



Initial connection of the actuator:

- Make sure that the connected valve is approx. in the center of its positioning range.
- Check the direction of rotation.

Direction of rotation

- Viewing direction through the actuator towards the output shaft
- Right-hand rotation:

The output shaft rotates in **clockwise** (CW) direction.

Left-hand rotation:

The output shaft rotates in **counterclockwise** (CCW) direction.

Direction of rotation always refers to the output shaft!

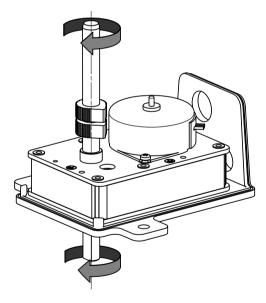


Fig. 5.6: Series NK - right-hand rotation, clockwise

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Important information!

The rotational direction of series VK is determined analogous to series NK.

5 Assembly 5.3 Electrical connection

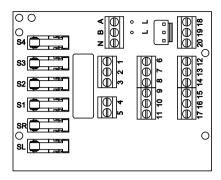


Fig. 5.7: PCB NK-Basic (design example)

Left-hand rotation

- If mains voltage is applied between terminal 1 and 2, the output shaft rotates in left-hand direction (CCW).
- This direction of rotation is limited by switch SL.
- When the switch is operated, mains voltage is applied to terminal 4.
- Series VK: Limit switch SL is operated by control cam NL when the actuator travels in the "push" direction (see Fig. 5.8).

Right-hand rotation

- If mains voltage is applied between terminal 1 and 3, the output shaft rotates in right-hand direction (CW).
- This direction of rotation is limited by switch SR.
- When the switch is operated, mains voltage is applied to terminal 5.
- Series VK: Limit switch SR is operated by control cam NR when the actuator travels in the "pull" direction (see Fig. 5.8).

NOTE

If the actuator moves in opposite direction to the control commands, immediately interrupt the actuator's supply voltage and check the wiring by referring to the schematic diagram inside the hood.

Possible troubleshooting:

 For AC motors: interchange the external connections of terminal 2 and 3.

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Important information!

Any modification to the internal wiring is strictly forbidden!

5.3 Electrical connection 5 Assembly

5.3.2 Determining the direction of action (series VK)

For determining the direction of rotation for the actuator see: section "5.3.1 Determining the direction of rotation (series NK)".

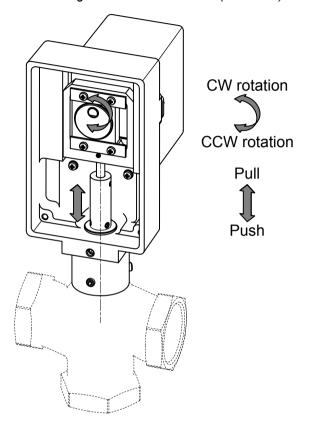


Fig. 5.8: Series VK – direction of rotation and action

Directions of action

Push = CCW rotation

The moving part of the valve is moved **away from the actuator**. The output shaft rotates in **counterclockwise** direction. (Viewing direction through the actuator towards the eccentric disk)

Pull = CW rotation

The moving part of the valve is moved **towards the actuator**. The output shaft rotates in **clockwise** direction. (Viewing direction through the actuator towards the eccentric disk)

5 Assembly 5.3 Electrical connection

NOTE

Risk of damaging the actuator!

The eccentric disk of the actuator series VK may only be moved within the permissible range of 0° ... 180°!

Always observe Fig. 5.9!

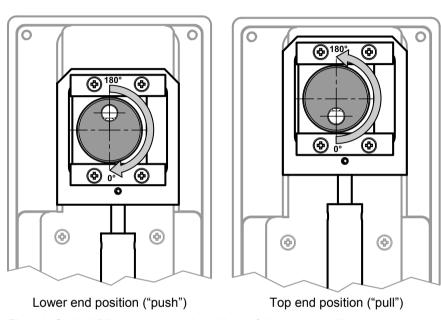


Fig. 5.9: Series VK – permitted end positions of the eccentric disk

5.3 Electrical connection 5 Assembly

5.3.3 Schematic diagram for alternating current

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Important information!

Always observe the schematic diagram attached inside the hood and the labeling of the switches on the PCB!

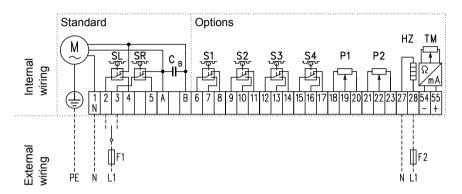


Fig. 5.10: Schematic diagram for alternating current

Standard:

SL limit switch CCW (left-hand) rotation SR limit switch CW (right-hand) rotation

Options:

S1 to S4 auxiliary switch 1 to auxiliary switch 4

P1 potentiometer 1 P2 potentiometer 2

HZ anti-condensate heater

TM current output (position feedback 4 ... 20mA)

Depending on the actuator model, the arrangement of the switches may vary from the schematic diagram shown here. Always observe the schematic diagram inside the hood and the labeling of the switches on the PCB!

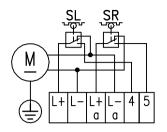


Important information!

All of the auxiliary switches S1 to S4 must operate within an identical voltage range. Mixing mains voltage and low voltage is not permitted.

5 Assembly 5.3 Electrical connection

5.3.4 Schematic diagram for direct current



CCW rotation:

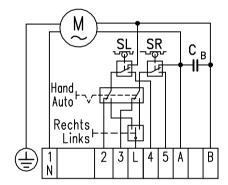
Apply DC voltage to terminals L+ and L-.

CW rotation:

Apply DC voltage to terminals L_a + and L_a -.

Fig. 5.11: Schematic diagram for direct current

5.3.5 AC schematic diagram with service switch (option)



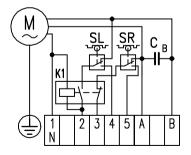
The service switch can be used to move the actuator irrespective of the control signals present at terminals 2 and 3.

Hand = manual operation Rechts = right-hand operation (CW rotation)

Links = left-hand operation (CCW rotation)

Fig. 5.12: AC schematic diagram with service switch (option)

5.3.6 AC schematic diagram for parallel operation (option)



If several actuators are to be controlled by a common switching contact, every actuator must be equipped with a relay for parallel operation.

K1: relay for parallel operation

Fig. 5.13: AC schematic diagram for parallel operation (option)

5.4 Setting the position switches

If requested by the customer, the control cams can be factory-adjusted before delivery.

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Important information!

When moving to the end positions given by the position limit switches, ensure that the valve is securely closed when the actuator has reached the relevant end position!

NOTE

When the end position is reached, the motor must be disconnected from the power source, either by means of an internal limit switch or by an external control (see schematic diagrams, sections 5.3.3 to 5.3.6).

5.4.1 Control cam shapes and switches

In addition to the 330° standard cam (see Fig. 5.14) other control cam shapes are available on request, e.g. the 180° cam (see Fig. 5.15).

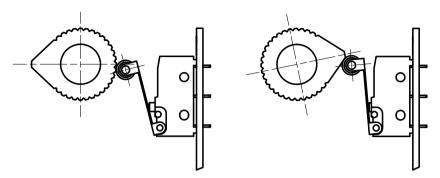


Fig. 5.14: 330° cam (left-hand: switch not activated, right-hand: switch activated)

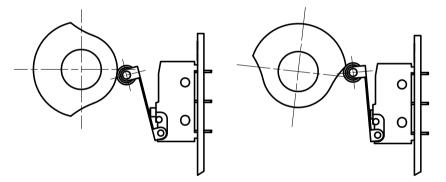


Fig. 5.15: 180° cam (left-hand: switch not activated, right-hand: switch activated)

The switches are equipped with a changeover contact.

Switch activated: make contact (NO) closed,

break contact (NC) open

Switch not activated: make contact (NO) open,

break contact (NC) closed

The control cams described below are always used for actuating the position switches that are dependent on the rotational angle.

5.4.2 Plastic control cam (standard)

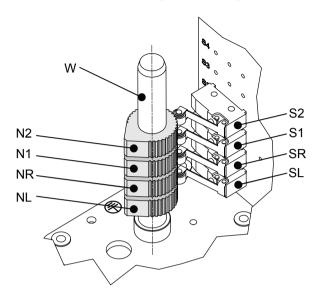


Fig. 5.16: Plastic control cam

The plastic control cam is used to actuate one position switch at a time.

The individual control cams are secured to the control shaft using an integrated O-ring and can be rotated by hand.

Fig. 5.16 shows a sample configuration for 2 position limit switches and 2 auxiliary position switches.

Different control cam shapes can be provided on request (see section "5.4.1 Control cam shapes and switches").

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Important information!

Depending on the actuator model, the arrangement of the switches may vary from the configuration shown in Fig. 5.16. Therefore, always observe

- the schematic diagram inside the hood, and
- the labeling of the switches on the PCB.

Setting the position limit switches

- Apply the voltage for CCW rotation (see section "5.3 Electrical connection"): The output shaft and the control shaft W rotate in counterclockwise direction (see section "5.3.1 Determining the direction of rotation (series NK)").
- 2. Switch off the voltage as soon as the end position to be set has been reached. The valve must not block the actuator in this position!
- 3. Turn the control cam NL in the rotational direction of control shaft W until the position limit switch SL switches over (identified by an audible click within the switch).
- 4. Adjust control cam NR as described in steps 1 to 3 for CW rotation.
- 5. Electrically move to both end positions again to check the correct positions, and re-adjust the control cams where required.

Setting the auxiliary position switches

- Move to the desired switch position in the rotational direction in line with the device function.
- 2. Turn control cam N1 in the rotational direction of control shaft W until auxiliary position switch S1 switches over (identified by an audible click within the switch).
- 3. Electrically move to the switch position again to check the correct position, and re-adjust the control cam N1 where required.

Set the control cams for the other auxiliary position switches as described in steps 1 to 3.

5.4.3 Aluminum control cam (option)

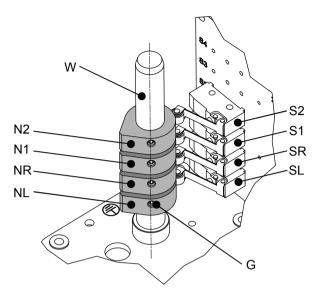


Fig. 5.17: Aluminum control cam (option)

The aluminum control cam is used for actuating one position switch at a time.

On delivery the individual control cams are loosely plugged onto the control shaft W. The cams are fixed using hex-socket grub screws G during the setting procedure. The grub screws are secured so they cannot fall out.

Fig. 5.17 shows a sample configuration for 2 position limit switches and 2 auxiliary position switches.

Different control cam shapes can be provided on request (see section "5.4.1 Control cam shapes and switches").

i

Important information!

Depending on the actuator model, the arrangement of the switches may vary from the configuration shown in Fig. 5.17. Therefore, always observe

- the schematic diagram inside the hood, and
- the labeling of the switches on the PCB.

Setting the position limit switches

- Apply the voltage for CCW rotation (see section "5.3 Electrical connection"): The output shaft and control shaft W rotate in counterclockwise direction (see section "5.3.1 Determining the direction of rotation (series NK)").
- 2. Switch off the voltage as soon as the end position to be set has been reached. The valve must not block the actuator in this position!
- 3. Turn the control cam NL in the rotational direction of control shaft W until the position limit switch SL switches over (identified by an audible click within the switch). Then fix the control cam using grub screw G.
- Adjust control cam NR as described in steps 1 to 3 for CW rotation and fix it with grub screw G.
- 5. Electrically move to both end positions again to check the correct positions, and re-adjust the control cams where required.

Setting the auxiliary position switches

- Move to the desired switch position in the rotational direction in line with the device function.
- 2. Turn control cam N1 in the rotational direction of control shaft W until auxiliary position switch S1 switches over (identified by an audible click within the switch). Then fix the control cam using grub screw G.
- 3. Electrically move to the switch position again to check the correct position, and re-adjust the control cam N1 where required.

Set the control cams for the other auxiliary position switches as described in steps 1 to 3.

5.5 Connecting and adjusting the potentiometer (option)



A DANGER

Warning of dangerous electrical voltage!

Working on electrical devices poses a considerable risk of deadly or serious injuries!



 Adhere to the regulations of the VDE (German Association for Electrical, Electronic and Information Technologies) and to the regulations issued by the local utility company.

Electrical connection

- Always connect the potentiometer with a shielded cable separated from the mains voltage lines.
- Observe the schematic diagram inside the hood.
- Terminals 18 and 20 may be swapped during wiring in order to match the potentiometer reading to the rotational direction of the actuator.

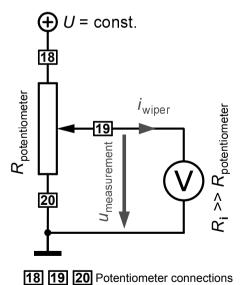


Fig. 5.18: Wiring of the potentiometer

The maximum permitted wiper current of the potentiometer may not be exceeded.

The measuring electronics used for evaluating the potentiometer must therefore have a very high internal resistance R_i .

The required minimum internal resistance depends on the permitted wiper current and the constant voltage U.

The maximum permitted voltage is based on the maximum power rating and the rated resistance of the potentiometer.

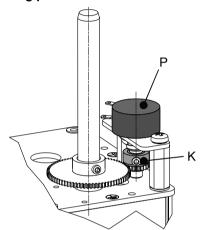
$$U_{max} = \sqrt{P_{max} \cdot R_{rated}}$$

i

Important information!

Potentiometers may only be operated as voltage dividers (see Fig. 5.18). Please refer to the schematic diagram inside the hood for information on the maximum permitted wiper current i_{wiper} and the maximum rated power P_{max} of the potentiometer.

Adjusting procedure



An intermediate gear train transfers the positioning range of the actuator to the electrical angle of rotation of potentiometer P. A friction clutch K on the potentiometer shaft protects the potentiometer from being destroyed during the setting of the actuator.

Fig. 5.19: Adjusting the potentiometer

NOTE

Observe the positioning range of the actuator and the potentiometer transmission ratio!

The order-specific positioning range must not be exceeded, otherwise the potentiometer adjustment would be cancelled when moving to the end position. In this case, feedback of the correct position would no longer be possible.

- 1. Set the position limit switches (see section "5.4 Setting the position switches") before adjusting potentiometer P.
- First move the actuator electrically to the right end position, then to the left end position. Using friction clutch K, potentiometer P roughly adjusts itself during this process.
- 3. Electrically move to both end positions again and check the position of potentiometer P at each end position:
 - The potentiometer may not reach its mechanical stop in either end position.
 - Re-adjust the potentiometer using friction clutch K where required.

5.6 2-wire current output 4... 20mA (option)

Electrical connection

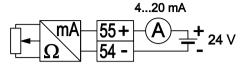


Fig. 5.20: Schematic diagram transmitter

Always connect the current output with a shielded wire (minimum cross-section 0.5mm², maximum length 1000m) separated from the mains voltage lines.

Adjusting procedure

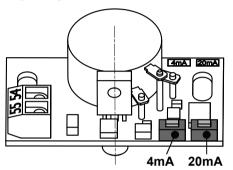


Fig. 5.21: Transmitter (top view)

- The current output is programmed with the two buttons
 4mA and 20mA
- The output currents 4mA and 20mA can be assigned to optional positions.
- The minimum and the maximum output current (4mA and 20mA) cannot be changed.

End position 4mA

- 1. Move the actuator to the first end position.
- 2. Press button 4mA for more than 2s, then release it.

The first end position is now assigned to the 4mA output current.

End position 20mA

- 1. Move the actuator to the opposite end position.
- 2. Press button 20mA for more than 2s, then release it.

The second end position is now assigned to the 20mA output current.

NOTE

Observe the positioning range of the actuator and the potentiometer transmission ratio!

The order-specific positioning range must not be exceeded, otherwise the potentiometer adjustment would be cancelled when moving to the end position. In this case, feedback of the correct position would no longer be possible.

5.7 Anti-condensate heater (option)

The anti-condensate heater is a heating resistor. This resistor is connected to the mains voltage (terminals 27 and 28, see section "5.3.3 Schematic diagram for alternating current") to generate the heat output.

NOTE

If the ambient temperature varies during the installation, the heating resistor must be connected immediately to the voltage supply and remain connected during start-up to avoid condensation within the actuator.

Heating resistor data:

U_{heating resistor} = 230V, P_{heating resistor} ≈ 3W

Heating resistors with 24V/2W or 115V/3W are available as options.

5.8 Installing the hood

When all connecting and setting work has been completed, the hood must be installed again on the actuator using the two hood screws. Verify during the assembly that the serial number of the hood matches the serial number of the actuator.

The following defaults must be observed during the installation:

- Make sure that the circumferential sealing ring in the actuator housing is properly seated and undamaged.
- The hood must be undamaged, this applies in particular to the surface resting on the actuator housing.
- Evenly tighten the hood screws to the prescribed torque of 1Nm in a crosswise pattern.
- Before its installation or removal, the hood must be dry so as to protect the electrical components inside the actuator against humidity.

Important information!

The hood screws are protected from falling out by an O-ring. They must **not** be pulled out of the hood!

6 Electronic position controller ESR-NK (option)

6.1 Description

The electronic position controller series ESR-NK integrated into the actuator housing has been designed to regulate the angle position (series NK) and/or the linear position (series VK) based on a setpoint specification. A potentiometer is used as an actual value encoder.

The setpoint can be specified as a DC current signal 0(4) ... 20mA (acc. to DIN IEC 60381-1) or optionally as a DC voltage signal 0(2) ... 10V (acc. to DIN IEC 60381-2).

In automatic mode the actuator continuously compares the specified position represented by the setpoint signal with the actual position of the actuator.

If – for example due to a new setpoint specification – the difference between specified and actual position is large enough, the position controller automatically moves the actuator to the specified position.

Important information!

Limit and auxiliary switches and the potentiometer are **not set** on delivery!

Depending on the positioning range of the valve, the limit switches and the potentiometer must be set before they are put into operation:

- Series NK: 90° (standard), max. 300° (option, depending on the potentiometer transmission ratio; see section 5.5) at the output shaft
- Series VK: max. 0° ... 180° (see section 5.3.2)

Important information!

i

On delivery the position controller is **not programmed!**

To allow the position controller to regulate the position, the actions described below must be taken before start-up as described in section "6.2.7 Programming":

- programming the end positions of the positioning range, and
- setting the setpoint range and the direction of action.

6.2 Electrical connection

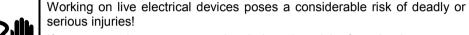


Depending on the applied setpoint and the position of the actuator, the position controller starts to move the actuator immediately after the operating voltage has been switched on. This may cause possibly dangerous movements of the actuated valve.

Therefore, **always** set the position controller to **Manu** mode = manual mode (see page 58 "Sliding switch") **before** switching on the operating voltage of the actuator!

A DANGER

Warning of dangerous electrical voltage!





If an actuator is open or operational, there is a risk of coming into contact with live parts (e.g. with a tool or another thin object).

- The electrical connection may only be established by a qualified electrician.
- Adhere to the regulations of the VDE (German Association for Electrical, Electronic and Information Technologies) and to the regulations issued by the local utility company.
- Make sure that no bare wires protrude from the terminals to eliminate the risk of electric shock or short circuits.

i

Important information!

Limit switches and auxiliary switches are **not** suitable as signal encoders for safety-related controls!



Important information!

For installation within a building, a switch must be provided as a separator according to DIN EN 61010-1 in order to disconnect the actuator before carrying out maintenance or troubleshooting work.

- This switch must be easily accessible for the user.
- The switch must be clearly identified as a separator.
- The separator must not interrupt the ground conductor!
- We strongly recommend installing a lockable switch.



Before

- switching the actuator on or off,
- changing any settings (e.g. rotational direction or swivel range) at the actuator.

check whether these actions could cause any dangerous movements within the machine/system or malfunctions of other assemblies!

- Check whether the type of current, mains voltage and mains frequency match the motor specifications. Refer to the nameplates on the hood and within the actuator.
- The power cord must be sized to suit the maximum power consumption of the actuator.
- Equip the actuator with an electric fuse protection suitable for the power cord used (see Fig. 5.10).
- Attach connection lines that match the screwed cable glands.
- Observe the minimum cable bend radius prescribed by the manufacturer.
- Always observe the schematic diagram attached inside the hood.
- Use separate shielded wires for low voltages (e.g. setpoint, actual value) with a minimum cross-section of 0.5mm² and a maximum length of 1000m. One end of the shielding must be connected to the chassis ground of the actuator (grounding terminal).
- A minimum distance of 3mm must be maintained between the power line and the setpoint/actual value line. As an alternative, both lines can be fitted with insulation that matches the mains voltage.
- The setpoint line and the actual value cable for the actuator must not be routed in parallel with cables supplying large loads. High amperages may generate electro-magnetic fields which induce voltages into the control lines, thus causing actuator malfunctions.
- All internal electrical components (e.g. switches, potentiometers, relays, etc.) are factory-wired and routed to terminal strips where required.
- Follow the instructions in section "5.3.1 Determining the direction of rotation (series NK)" and/or "5.3.2 Determining the direction of action (series VK)" before putting the actuator into operation.
- Protection class IP65 is guaranteed only if screwed cable glands are used which are approved for this protection class (see section "2.3.3 Protection classes of the actuator and the stroke unit").
- Use a ring cable lug to connect the ground conductor to the screw provided for this purpose and identified by the following symbol:

6.2.1 Schematic diagram

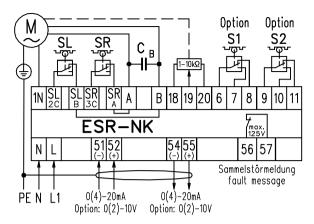


Fig. 6.1: Schematic diagram ESR-NK

Standard:

M motor of the actuator

ESR-NK electronic position controller

SL limit switch CCW (left-hand) rotation

SR limit switch CW (right-hand) rotation

51, 52 setpoint input

54, 55 actual value output

Options:

S1, S2 auxiliary switch 1, auxiliary switch 2

Important information! The auxiliary switches S

The auxiliary switches S1 and S2 must operate within an identical voltage range. Mixing mains voltage and low voltage is not permitted.

6.2.2 Controls and indicators

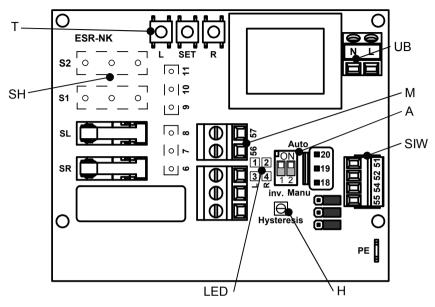


Fig. 6.2: PCB ESR-NK (design example)

I	buttons for operating the position controller
SH	mounting position for optional auxiliary switches
UB	mains voltage terminal
M	terminal of fault message contact
Α	sliding switches Auto/Manu and direction of action
SIW	terminal for setpoint and actual value
Н	potentiometer for adjusting the hysteresis
LFD	4 LFDs indicating the status

Indicator LEDs

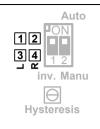
1 = blue LED (operation)

2 = red LED (malfunction; see section 6.2.8)

3 = yellow LED (CCW rotation active)

4 = green LED (CW rotation active)

Please refer to page 66 for a description of all LED statuses.



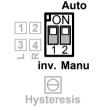
Controls

Sliding switch

Sliding switch 1: inv.
 Direction of action (see p. 63)

Switch 2: Auto/Manu

ON = Auto = automatic mode OFF = Manu = manual mode



Hysteresis potentiometer

Setting of the hysteresis within the range of 0.5 ... 10% of the final input value of the setpoint signal



Button block

Button **L** manual mode, CCW rotation

Button **SET** programming the end position

Button **R** manual mode, CW rotation

The buttons have no function in automatic mode.



6.2.3 Depiction of the button and LED statuses

No button pressed	L SET R
Button SET pressed	L SET R
Sliding switches 1 and 2 in the ON position	Auto ON 1 2 inv. Manu
Sliding switch 1 in the OFF position	Auto
Sliding switch 2 in the ON position	inv. Manu
Sliding switch 1 in either position	Auto
Sliding switch 2 in the ON position	inv. Manu
All LEDs off	L 🗆
LED 1 (operation) flashes	L 🗎 🔳
LED 4 (CW rotation active) is on permanently	

6.2.4 Setting the limit switches and the potentiometer



Before

- the limit switches are adjusted.
- the potentiometer is adjusted,

sliding switch **Auto/Manu** must be set to the position **OFF = manual mode!**



Setting the position limit switches

- Move the actuator to the left end position of the valve using buttons L and R. The valve must not block the actuator in this position!
- 2. Turn control cam NL in the rotational direction of control shaft W until limit switch SL switches over (identified by an audible click within the switch).
- 3. For CW rotation, set control cam NR for the right end position of the valve as described in steps 1 and 2.
- To check the correct positions, move to both end positions again electrically using buttons L and R, and re-adjust the control cams where required.

Adjusting the potentiometer

By moving again to both end positions as described in step 4, potentiometer P is roughly adjusted via friction clutch K (also see section "5.5 Connecting and adjusting the potentiometer (option)").

- 5. Move once again to the two end positions using buttons **L** and **R**, and check the position of potentiometer P at each end position:
 - The potentiometer may not reach its mechanical stop in either end position.
 - Re-adjust the potentiometer using friction clutch K where required.

6.2.5 Detection of the rotational direction

If a new position controller is installed in an actuator, the direction of rotation must be detected before the position controller can be programmed.

A detection of rotational direction is not required if actuators are shipped complete with integrated position controller.



Before a detection of rotational direction can be carried out, the cams of switches SL and SR must be set and the potentiometer must be adjusted!

Move the actuator to the approximate center of the positioning range by pressing button L or R. SFT or SET Switch off the mains voltage. SET Press button SET. SET R Switch on the mains voltage while the button is pressed. SET R automatically Actuator moves clockwise, thus detecting the rotational direction. Successful detection of rotational direction is confirmed by the blue LED flashing 3 times. SET 6. Release button SET. SET

If the blue LED continues to flash while button SET is pressed, detection of rotational direction failed.

If this is the case, repeat steps 1 to 6. Ensure that the actuator output shaft and the potentiometer are positioned approximately in the center of the positioning range in step 1.

6.2.6 Actual value output

The position controller ESR-NK has an actual value output for DC current signals 0(4) ... 20mA (standard) and/or DC voltage signals 0(2) ... 10V (option) at terminals 54-55.

The actual value output is not electrically isolated from the setpoint input.

The output values are generated analogous to the setpoints:

- If the actuator is in the specified position "4mA", then the actual value is also 4mA.
- If the actuator is in the specified position "20mA", then the actual value is also 20mA

6.2.7 Programming

The programming procedure is used to assign the setpoints 0(4)mA and 20mA (or 0(2)V and 10V) to the two end positions of the positioning range.

Important information!

If no setpoint is applied in automatic mode, the actuator moves to the end position assigned to setpoint 0(4)mA.

For series NK, the positionig range can be between 90° and 308°, depending on the potentiometer transmission ratio.

Important information! The permissible position

The permissible positioning range for series VK is max. 180°! (See section 5.3.2)

The positioning range limited by the programmed end positions of the position controller should cover at least 50% of the nominal positioning range of the actuator specified on the nameplate.



The cams of switches SL and SR must be set and the potentiometer must be adjusted before the end positions of the positioning range of the position controller can be programmed!



Before

- the end positions are programmed,
- the setpoint range is set,
- the direction of action is set,

sliding switch **Auto/Manu** must be set to the position **OFF = manual mode!**



inv. Manu

Setting the setpoint range

The ESR-NK is delivered in one of 4 versions according to the order:

Version	Setpoint	Actual value		
1 (standard)	0(4) 20mA	0(4) 20mA		
2	0(2) 10V	0(2) 10V		
3	0(4) 20mA	0(2) 10V		
4	0(2) 10V	0(4) 20mA		

It is possible to change the version at a later stage. If a change is required, please request separate retrofit instructions from our Service department (see page 81).

On delivery, the position controller is pre-set to 4 ... 20mA and/or 2 ... 10V. This setting offers the benefit that the position controller can detect a broken wire in the setpoint line and report the fault via the fault message output to the higher-level control system.

Setting the setpoint range 0 ... 20mA and/or 0 ... 10V

- 1. Switch off the operating voltage.
- Press buttons SET and R.
- Switch on the operating voltage while the buttons are pressed.



L SET

Setting the setpoint range 4 ... 20mA and/or 2 ... 10V

- 1. Switch off the operating voltage.
- Press buttons L and SET.
- Switch on the operating voltage while the buttons are pressed.



L SET R

Determining the direction of action

Sliding switch 1 inv. in the OFF position - 0(4)mA and/or 0(2)V = right end position - 20mA and/or 10V = left end position Sliding switch 1 inv. in the ON position - 0(4)mA and/or 0(2)V = left end position - 20mA and/or 10V = right end position - 20mA and/or 10V = right end position inv. Manu

Programming the left end position

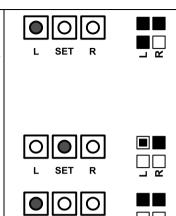
Move to the left end position by pressing button L.

If the end position is overrun, the actuator must be moved far enough in reverse direction using button **R**.

Then repeat step 1.

- 2. Press button SET.
 - ▶ Blue LED flashes.
- Press button L within 3s.
 - ▶ Blue LED goes out.

The left end position is now programmed.



SET

Programming the right end position

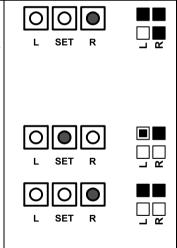
 Move to the right end position by pressing button R.

If the end position is overrun, the actuator must be moved far enough in reverse direction using button ${\bf L}$.

Then repeat step 1.

- Press button SET.
 - ▶ Blue LED flashes.
- Press button R within 3s.
 - ▶ Blue LED goes out.

The right end position is now programmed.



Setting the hysteresis

The hysteresis indicates by how much the setpoint and the actual value must differ for the position controller to correct the actual position by moving the actuator.

min max Hysteresis

If the position controller reacts too sensitive or too slow, the hysteresis potentiometer can be used to set the hysteresis within the range of 0.5 \dots 10% of the input limit.

Completing the programming

To complete the programming and switch the position controller to automatic mode, set sliding switch **Auto/Manu** to the position **ON** = automatic mode.

This position is then regulated by means of the setpoint applied.



6.2.8 Fault message output

The fault message output integrated into the position controller is a potential-free switching contact that opens when an error occurs. This allows the correct function of the actuator to be monitored.

Current-carrying capacity:

- max. 125V AC, 10VA (resistive), or
- 125V DC, 10W (resistive)

The contact opens if the following fault events occur:

- mains voltage failure
- controller manual mode is active
- broken-wire detection for setpoint signal (only with the setting 4 ... 20mA and/or 2 ... 10V)
 - current setpoint value < 2mA
 - voltage setpoint value < 1V

6.2.9 LED status indicator

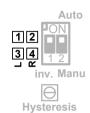
Indicator LEDs

1 = blue LED (operation)

2 = red LED (malfunction)

3 = yellow LED (CCW rotation active)

4 = green LED (CW rotation active)



If operating voltage is applied

Mode	Button	Function	Setpoint	Yellow LED	Green LED	Blue LED	Red LED
Manu	_	_	*				
Manu	R	Move actuator clockwise	*				
Manu	L	Move actuator counterclock-wise	*				
Auto	*	Actuator moves clockwise	Setpoint for CW rotation, specified position not yet reached				
Auto	*	Actuator moves counterclock- wise	Setpoint for CCW rotation, specified position not yet reached				
Auto	*	-	With setpoint applied, specified position reached				
Auto	*	No setpoint sensed: actuator moves to the 4mA and/or 2V end position	i _{setpoint} < 4mA and/or u _{setpoint} < 2V (in the mode 4 20mA and/or 2 10V only)			•	•

Key to symbols: * no effect, \blacksquare on, \square off, \boxdot slowly flashing

Switching the operating voltage on when a button is pressed

Mode	Button	Function	Setpoint	Yellow LED	Green LED	Blue LED	Red LED
Manu	SET+R	Setting the setpoint range 0 20mA and/or 0 10V	*			3x ■ , then ■	
Manu	SET+L	Setting the setpoint range 4 20mA and/or 2 10V	*			3x ■ , then ■	•
Manu	SET	Detection of the rotational direction: actuator briefly moves clock- wise.	*		First ■ , then □	First □, then 3x ■, then ■	

Key to symbols: ★ no effect, ■ on, □ off, • slowly flashing

In Auto = automatic mode, buttons L, SET and R are always functionless.

6.3 Special characteristic curve for series VK

For actuators series VK, the rotation of the actuator is transformed into a linear movement using an eccentric disk. For this reason, the ratio between the rotational angle of the output shaft and the position of the slider (see Fig. 3.2) is non-linear.

If an actuator series VK is provided with an integrated position controller, then the position controller is factory-programmed with a specific characteristic curve for linearization. The position controller uses this special characteristic curve to transform the setpoint signal proportionally to the corresponding position of the slider.

Important information!

The special characteristic curve only influences the position of the slider. It has no effect on the linear positioning speed.

The linear positioning speed is the highest in the center of the positioning range (90°) and decreases towards the end positions (0° and/or 180°).

6.4 Technical data ESR-NK

Operating voltage

230V AC ±10%, 50/60Hz ±5% 115V AC ±10%, 50/60Hz ±5% 24V AC ±10%, 50/60Hz ±5%

Setpoint input

- Current input: 0(4) ... 20mA
 - internal burden resistor: 2500
 - overload protection 25mA
 - reverse polarity protection up to -25mA
- Voltage input: 0(2) ... 10V (option)
- Limited overvoltage and reverse polarity protection
- Resolution: 10 bits

Actual value output

- Actual value encoder: conductive plastic or wire-wound potentiometer 1 ... $10k\Omega$
- Current output 0(4) ... 20mA
 - burden resistor max. 500Ω , output voltage max. 10V
 - minimum burden resistor 500Ω @ $T_u > 50$ °C, 0Ω @ $T_u < 50$ °C
- Voltage output: 0(2) ... 10V (option)
- Resolution: 10 bits

Ambient temperature

(Ambient temperature of the actuator)

0°C to +60°C (standard)

Up to −15°C with anti-condensate heater (option, consultation required)

Protection class (IP code)

Protection class of the actuator

7 Operation

Important information!

The actuator may not be put into operation unless the owner/lessor of the machine/system has proven that the system or machine into which it is to be installed is in compliance with all applicable EC directives.



The actuator may not be put into service unless

- the hood is properly installed, and
- the screwed cable glands have been sealed.



A CAUTION

Danger of burning at the actuator motor and at the actuator components!



The actuator motor may become hot during operation.

The valve may transfer very low or very high temperatures to the actuator, which depend on the ambient conditions and the temperature of the medium flowing through the valve.

- Do not operate the actuator without the hood in place.
- Where necessary, install safeguards on the actuator to prevent access to it.

NOTE

Continuous overloading or blocking of the actuator (e.g. by incorrectly set limit switches or foreign objects in the valves) will cause damage to the actuator.

- Properly set the limit switches (see section "5.4 Setting the position" switches").
- Regularly inspect the valves for foreign objects.



Before

- switching the actuator on or off,
- changing any settings (e.g. rotational direction or swivel range) at the actuator.

check whether these actions could cause any dangerous movements within the machine/system or malfunctions of other assemblies!

i

Important information!

- Make manual settings on the actuator only at the output shaft end where required.
- Do not rotate the control shaft!
- As an alternative, you can also install auxiliary functions to the actuator to allow manual settings (see the section below).

7.1 Auxiliary functions (optional)

7.1.1 Handwheel

In case of a power failure the actuator can be adjusted using a handwheel.

A WARNING

Danger of injury from the handwheel rotating with the actuator!

If the handwheel is moved while the actuator motor is running, there is a risk of injury such as the upper limbs being drawn in or caught by the rotating handwheel.

 Do not operate the handwheel unless the voltage supply has been switched off.

NOTE

Risk of property damage caused by overrunning the limit switches or cancelling the adjustment of the potentiometer!

- In manual operation, take care not to move the valve beyond the end positions set by the limit switches within the actuator.
- Mechanically limit the valve end position before moving the actuator in manual operation.
- 1. Switch off the operating voltage of the actuator.
- Push handwheel H onto the stop in position M and rotate it in the desired direction. Hold the handwheel in position M while rotating it. The control cams and the potentiometer shaft also rotate in manual operation. The adjusted positions of the control cams are maintained.
- 3. Release handwheel H as soon as the desired position is attained. The handwheel automatically returns to home position A.

i

Important information!

The handwheel sits on the motor shaft, not on the output shaft.

Depending on the gear ratio of the actuator, multiple turns of the handwheel may therefore be necessary to achieve a correspondingly large turn of the output shaft.

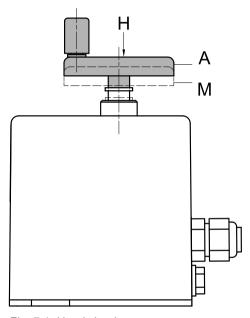


Fig. 7.1: Handwheel



To be checked before re-commissioning:

- Is the actuator in the permitted range limited by the limit switches?
- Is the potentiometer still properly adjusted?

8 Maintenance and repair

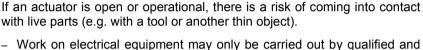
8.1 Safety instructions

A DANGER

Warning of dangerous electrical voltage!

Working on live electrical devices poses a considerable risk of deadly or serious injuries!





- authorized electricians.
- Before attempting any work, disconnect the machine/system from the power supply and protect the machine/system against being switched on for the duration of the work.
- Adhere to the regulations of the VDE (German Association for Electrical, Electronic and Information Technologies) and to the regulations issued by the local utility company.



Before

- switching the actuator on or off,
- changing any settings (e.g. rotational direction or swivel range) at the actuator.

check whether these actions could cause any dangerous movements within the machine/system or malfunctions of other assemblies!

- Also observe the safety instructions in chapter "2 Safety".
- Maintenance and inspection may only be carried out by qualified staff and in compliance with all safety instructions.
- Carry out all maintenance and inspection tasks within the time stipulated.
 Malfunctions caused by insufficient or improper maintenance may result in
 very high repair costs and long down-times. If the prescribed maintenance
 is grossly neglected within the warranty period, the operator himself must
 bear the resulting cost of recovery.

- Inform the operating staff before starting any maintenance and inspection work
- Before carrying out any maintenance or inspection work, always disconnect the actuator from the power supply using the disconnecting device provided by the owner/lessor and protect the disconnecting device against being switched on unexpectedly.
- Wait for the components to cool down to ambient temperature before starting the inspection or maintenance work.
- Only use the specified greases or verifiably equivalent greases for lubricating the equipment.
- Always wear the personal protective equipment prescribed during all inspection and maintenance work (see section "2.4 Personal protective equipment").
- Only use original spare parts when replacing components.
- Maintain the minimum bend radius prescribed when laying cables.
- Dispose all resources, greases and process materials that cannot be reused in an environmentally friendly manner.
- Heavy components must always be lifted
 - by several persons or
 - using a crane or a similar lifting device,
 in accordance with the locally applicable industrial safety regulations.
- Replace all protective covers previously removed after completing the inspection and maintenance work and before restoring operation. Make sure that all screws and nuts provided are installed again.
- Make sure that all safeguards are installed and functional.

8.2 Maintenance work

8.2.1 Maintenance intervals

Maintenance task	Maintenance interval	See section
Cleaning the actuator	every 6 months 1)	8.2.2
Checking for leakage	every 6 months	8.2.3
Visual inspection	once per year 2)	8.2.4
Electrical inspection	every 4 years 2) 3)	8.2.5

¹⁾ Or earlier if dirty

Actuator motor, gear ranges and linear unit are lubricated with long-life grease and therefore require no maintenance if used as prescribed.

Recommendations

- A trial run should be carried out every six months if the actuator is used infrequently to verify its proper function.
- The initial visual and the initial electrical inspections should be carried out
 6 months after putting the actuator into service.

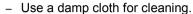
²⁾ Initial inspection 6 months after start-up

³⁾ Only if the electrical systems and resources are subjected to normal stress due to ambient temperatures, dust, humidity, etc. (see the guidelines of professional associations for occupational safety and health in force in the country of use); shorter intervals in case of higher stress.

8.2.2 Cleaning the actuator

NOTE

Splash water may enter the actuator and destroy it!





 Never clean the actuator with a high-pressure cleaner or with a water hose.

Corrosive cleaning agents may damage the actuator components!

- Do not use any strong, abrasive or flammable cleaning agents, diluting agents or similar fluids.
- A normal general-purpose cleaner is sufficient.

Clean the outside of the actuator with a damp cloth according to environmental influences – every 6 months at the latest, but earlier if dirt has accumulated.

8.2.3 Leak test

Check the inside of the actuator every 6 months for humidity.

- Loosen the fastening screws of the hood.
- Remove the hood from the actuator.
- 3. Inspect the inside of the actuator and the hood for signs of humidity.
- 4. After the inspection and possibly required rectification, reinstall the hood (see section "5.8 Installing the hood").

Humidity inside the actuator may have the following causes:

Condensate

Condensate may be caused by varying ambient temperatures or temperature changes within the actuator (due to long motor run times).

If this is the case, install an anti-condensate heater in the actuator (see section "5.7 Anti-condensate heater (option)").

Damaged rubber sealing ring in the basic housing of the actuator
 Return the actuator to Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH to have it repaired.

Leaking screwed cable glands/cable entries/filler plugs

Check whether the cable glands, cable entries or filler plugs are damaged and whether the connection lines used have an outer diameter suitable for the cable glands.

- Replace any defective cable glands.
- Only use connection lines with an outer diameter suitable for the cable glands (see section "2.3.3 Protection classes of the actuator and the stroke unit").

Damaged actuator housing or hood

- Replace the damaged hood (see section "8.3 Spare parts").
- If the actuator housing is damaged, return the actuator to Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH to have it repaired.

Heater does not work

- Have a qualified electrician inspect the heating resistor and the connection lines of the heater for correct function.
- Replace the damaged heater if required (see section "8.3 Spare parts").

8.2.4 Visual inspection

An initial visual inspection must be carried out 6 months after start-up, after which the inspection should be repeated at one-year intervals.

The following should be verified:

- Are the fastening screws between the part-turn actuator and the valve firmly tightened? Re-tighten screws if required.
- Are the cable glands, cable entries and filler plugs securely tightened and leakproof? Re-tighten or replace where required.
- Are the joining elements between the actuator and the valve (e.g. screwtype connections, connecting pins) in perfect condition? Re-tighten screws, replace pins, etc. where required.

8.2.5 Electrical inspection



Warning of dangerous electrical voltage!



Working on live electrical devices poses a considerable risk of deadly or serious injuries!

- Work on electrical equipment may only be carried out by qualified and authorized electricians.
- Before attempting any work, disconnect the machine/system from the power supply and protect the machine/system against being switched on for the duration of the work.
- Adhere to the regulations of the VDE (German Association for Electrical, Electronic and Information Technologies) and to the regulations issued by the local utility company.
- Have the responsible qualified electrician inspect the electrical equipment of the actuator for proper condition at least every 4 years and after every modification or repair.
- If the electrical equipment and the resources are subjected to increased stress due to ambient temperatures, dust, humidity, etc., the electrical inspection must be carried out at shorter intervals (see also the applicable guidelines of professional associations for occupational safety and health).
- Document the type and time of the inspection carried out in an inspection log.



8.3 Spare parts

Only use original spare parts, as only original spare parts guarantee troublefree function of the device.

For ordering spare parts please contact:

Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH

Postfach 1162 33804 Oerlinghausen

Germany

Phone: +49 5202 9739-284
Fax: +49 5202 9739-25
E-mail: sales@agromatic.de
Web: www.agromatic.de

Please quote the serial number when ordering spare parts. The serial number is specified on the nameplate inside the actuator.

Important information!

Make sure to **always** quote the serial number on the **nameplate** located **inside the actuator**.

Do **not** use the serial number indicated on the nameplate attached to the outside of the hood.

The hoods of the actuators may not be swapped!

9 Malfunctions

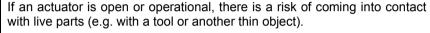
9.1 Safety instructions

A DANGER

Warning of dangerous electrical voltage!

Working on live electrical devices poses a considerable risk of deadly or serious injuries!





- Work on electrical equipment may only be carried out by qualified and authorized electricians.
- Before attempting any work, disconnect the machine/system from the power supply and protect the machine/system against being switched on for the duration of the work.
- Adhere to the regulations of the VDE (German Association for Electrical, Electronic and Information Technologies) and to the regulations issued by the local utility company.

9.2 General notes

Please contact our Service department if malfunctions occur with the actuator:

Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH

Postfach 1162 33804 Oerlinghausen

Germany

Phone: +49 5202 9739-284 Fax: +49 5202 9739-25 E-mail: sales@agromatic.de



Important information!

Make sure to *always* always quote the serial number on the *nameplate* located *inside the actuator*.

Do **not** use the serial number indicated on the nameplate attached to the outside of the hood.

9.3 Repairs 9 Malfunctions

9.3 Repairs

Before returning an Agromatic actuator for repairs, request an RMA ("Return Material Authorization") number from the Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH Service department.

Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH

Postfach 1162 33804 Oerlinghausen

Germany

Phone: +49 5202 9739-284 Fax: +49 5202 9739-25 E-mail: sales@agromatic.de

The provided RMA number must be attached to the actuator to facilitate fast and smooth execution of the repairs.

If a claim is raised, the original invoice must also be provided with the actuator.

i

Important information!

Make sure to *always* always quote the serial number on the *nameplate* located *inside the actuator*.

Do **not** use the serial number indicated on the nameplate attached to the outside of the hood.

10 Decommissioning, disassembly

Only specifically trained technical staff may carry out the decommissioning and/or disposal of the product.

A DANGER

Warning of dangerous electrical voltage!

Working on live electrical devices poses a considerable risk of deadly or serious injuries!





If an actuator is open or operational, there is a risk of coming into contact with live parts (e.g. with a tool or another thin object).

- Work on electrical equipment may only be carried out by qualified and authorized electricians.
- Before attempting any work, disconnect the machine/system from the power supply and protect the machine/system against being switched on for the duration of the work.
- Adhere to the regulations of the VDE (German Association for Electrical, Electronic and Information Technologies) and to the regulations issued by the local utility company.

10.1 Putting the actuator out of operation



Before switching off the actuator, check whether this may cause dangerous movements within the machine/system or malfunctions of other assemblies!

- Switch off the actuator and all upstream and downstream system components.
- 2. Attach a danger sign with the warning "Out of service!" on the system main switch and/or the disconnecting device.
- 3. Have the power supply disconnected by a qualified electrician.

10.2 Dismantling and disposing of the actuator

When the actuator has reached its end of service life, it must be dismantled and disposed of in an environmentally friendly manner. The general, legal and otherwise binding regulations regarding the prevention of accidents and the protection of the environment in force in the country of use (e.g. the national regulations of the professional associations for occupational safety and health) must be adhered to.

A WARNING

Incorrectly placed or improperly attached components can drop down and cause personal injuries.

- Always wear industrial protective clothing, safety shoes and where required protective gloves when working on the equipment.
- Secure the components e.g. with ropes or the like against dropping down before dismantling the actuator.

NOTE

Risk of environmental damage or pollution due to incorrect disposal!

Electrical scrap, electronic components, lubricants and other process materials must be treated as hazardous waste and may be disposed of only by approved specialists.

- Dispose of the actuator components, separated by material, in an environmentally friendly manner.
 - Observe the environmental protection regulations in force in the country of use.
- Dispose of greases and oils according to the waste oil ordinance locally in force.
- Transfer the dismantled components to the recycling process:
 - scrap metals,
 - send plastic elements to recycling,
 - dispose of other components segregated by material type.

Important information!

You may alternatively return the actuator to Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH for disposal.

11 Appendix

11.1 Certificates

The actuator complies with the following EC directives:

- Directive 2006/42/EC ("Machinery Directive")
- Directive 2014/30/EU ("EMC Directive")

On the following pages you will find translations of the German

- declaration of incorporation for a partly completed machine according to Annex II, part 1, section B of the directive 2006/42/EC for rotary and partturn actuators
- declaration of incorporation for a partly completed machine according to Annex II, part 1, section B of the directive 2006/42/EC for linear drives
- declaration of conformity according to Directive 2014/30/EU
- statement relating to the Directive 2011/65/EU ("RoHS Directive").

11.1 Certificates 11 Appendix



Declaration of Incorporation of Partly Completed Machinery

(Translation of the German Original)

according to the

Directive 2006/42/EC ("Machinery Directive"), Annex II, Part 1, Section B

We hereby declare as the solely responsible party that the product

General designation electrical actuator (rotary/part-turn actuator)			
Series	N, NL, NK, NEx and identical constructions		
Туре	N1 to N8, NL, NK, NEx 1 to NEx 8 and identical constructions		
Serial no.	1836-XXXXX-YYYYY and higher (1836 = year and calendar week, XXXXX = order no., YYYYY = position no.)		

to which this declaration refers, complies with the following relevant provisions of Annex I of the Directive 2006/42/EC as far as the directive applies to the scope of delivery:

1.1.2; 1.1.3; 1.1.5; 1.3.4; 1.4.1; 1.4.2.1; 1.5.1; 1.5.2; 1.5.4; 1.5.6; 1.5.8; 1.5.9; 1.5.11; 1.6.4; 1.7.3; 1.7.4

The following harmonized standard was applied:

DIN EN ISO 12100:2011-03 ("Safety of machinery")

The product is a partly completed machine according to article 2, letter g of the Directive 2006/42/EC. The technical documentation was issued in compliance with Annex VII of the directive. The original German version of the installation and operating manual is available. The documentation mentioned above will be submitted to the responsible individual authorities in response to a reasonable request.

Regarding the electrical hazards originating from a partly completed machine, the protective goals laid down in the Directive 2014/35/EU ("Low-voltage Directive") are adhered to in accordance with Annex I, no. 1.5.1 of the Directive 2006/42/EC. The following harmonized standard was applied in this respect:

DIN EN 61010-1: 2011-07

("Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use")

The partly completed machine may not be put into service unless the owner/operator of the system/machine has proven that the system or the machine, into which the partly completed machine is to be installed, is fully compliant with all the applicable EC directives.

Person authorized to compile the relevant technical documentation:

Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH Department "Technische Dokumentation" Stukenbrocker Weg 38 33813 Oerlinghausen, Germany

This declaration shall become void if modifications are made to the product which are not authorized by us or if the product is not installed or used according to its intended purpose.

Oerlinghausen, 2018-09-01

Reinhard Wollschlaeger, Geschäftsführer
(Managing Director)

Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH

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11 Appendix 11.1 Certificates



Declaration of Incorporation of Partly Completed Machinery

(Translation of the German Original)

according to the

Directive 2006/42/EC ("Machinery Directive"), Annex II, Part 1, Section B

We hereby declare as the solely responsible party that the product

General designation	electrical actuator (linear actuator)		
Series	K, KA, V, VK, NEx-K, NEx-KA, NEx-V and identical constructions		
Туре	K 1506-7550, KA 1506-11050, V 1 to V 5, VK, NEx-K 1506 to 7550, NEx-KA 1506 to 11050, NEx-V 1 to 5 and identical constructions		
Serial no.	1836-XXXXX-YYYYY and higher (1836 = year and calendar week, XXXXX = order no., YYYYY = position no.)		

to which this declaration refers, complies with the following relevant provisions of Annex I of the Directive 2006/42/EC as far as the directive applies to the scope of supply:

1.1.2; 1.1.3; 1.1.5; 1.3.4; 1.5.1; 1.5.2; 1.5.4; 1.5.6; 1.5.8; 1.5.9; 1.5.11; 1.6.4; 1.7.3; 1.7.4

The following harmonized standard was applied:

DIN EN ISO 12100:2011-03 ("Safety of machinery")

The product is a partly completed machine according to article 2, letter g of the Directive 2006/42/EC. The technical documentation was issued in compliance with Annex VII of the directive. The original German version of the installation and operating manual is available. The documentation mentioned above will be submitted to the responsible individual authorities in response to a reasonable request.

Regarding the electrical hazards originating from a partly completed machine, the protective goals laid down in the Directive 2014/35/EU ("Low-voltage Directive") are adhered to in accordance with Annex I, no. 1.5.1 of the Directive 2006/42/EC. The following harmonized standard was applied in this respect:

DIN EN 61010-1: 2011-07

("Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use")

The partly completed machine may not be put into service unless the owner/operator of the system/machine has proven that the system or the machine, into which the partly completed machine is to be installed, is fully compliant with all the applicable EC directives.

Person authorized to compile the relevant technical documentation:

Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH Department "Technische Dokumentation" Stukenbrocker Weg 38 33813 Oerlinghausen, Germany

This declaration shall become void if modifications are made to the product which are not authorized by us or if the product is not installed or used according to its intended purpose.

Oerlinghausen, 2018-09-01

Reinhard Wollschlaeger, Goschäftsführer
(Managing Director)

Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH

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11.1 Certificates 11 Appendix



EC Declaration of Conformity

(Translation of the German Original)

for the purpose of the

Directive 2014/30/EU ("EMC Directive")

We hereby declare as the solely responsible party, that the product

General designation electrical actuator				
Series	N, NL, NK, K, KA, V, VK and identical constructions			
Туре	N1 to N8, NL, NK, K 1506-7550, KA 1506-11050, V 1 to V 5, VK and identical constructions			
Serial no.	1836-XXXXX-YYYYY and higher (1836 = year and calendar week, XXXXX = order no., YYYYY = position no.)			

to which this declaration refers, complies with the requirements of the directives specified above.

The following harmonized standards were applied:

EN 61000-6-2:2005/AC:2005

EN 61000-6-3:2007/A1:2011/AC:2012

EN 61000-3-2:2014

EN 61000-3-3:2013

The technical documentation according to Annex IV of Directive 2004/108/EC and Annex II of Directive 2014/30/EU respectively have been issued. The original German version of the installation and operating manual is available. The documentation mentioned above will be submitted to the responsible individual authorities in response to a reasonable request.

The product is a partly completed machine according to article 2, letter g of the Directive 2006/42/EC ("Machinery Directive").

This declaration shall become void if modifications are made to the product which are not authorized by us or if the product is not installed or used according to its intended purpose.

Oerlinghausen, 2018-09-01

Reinhard Wollschlaeger, Geschäftsführer (Managing Director)

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Statement

regarding the

Directive 2011/65/EU ("RoHS Directive")

Agromatic actuators fall within the scope of article 2, section 4, letter c of Directive 2011/65/EU, due to the fact that the actuators are designed for installation in

- large-scale stationary industrial tools (article 2, section 4, letter d), or
- large-scale fixed installations (article 2, section 4, letter e), or
- means of transport for persons or goods (article 2, section 4, letter f)

to fulfill their function.

The terms "large-scale stationary industrial tools" and "large-scale fixed installation" are defined in article 3, no. 3 and article 3, no. 4 of the directive. These definitions clearly indicate that the scope of Directive 2011/65/EU does not apply to Agromatic actuators.

As a responsible organization, we nevertheless want to make our contribution to the protection of the environment. Agromatic Regelungstechnik GmbH shall therefore implement the requirements of the directive specified above as far as this is technically feasible – irrespective of the fact that the directive does not apply to Agromatic actuators.

Oerlinghausen, 2017-01-10

Reinhard Wollschlaeger, Geschäftsführer (Managing Direktor)

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